

(A Central University)
Suryamaninagar-799022

Syllabus

OF

Zoology (General & Major)

Semester - V

2014

Semester - V (Theory)

Zoology (Major)

Paper: 5A

Total Marks 100 (80+20)

Unit-I: Adaptation, Zoogeography & Ethology

(15 lectures)

- 1. Convergent and divergent adaptation and adaptive radiation in placental mammals with reference to teeth & limbs.
- 2. Morphological, anatomical and physiological adaptations in Pigeon, Camel and Whale.
- 3. Colouration Cryptic & Warning.
- 4. Mimicry Protective, Aggressive and Warning (Batesian and Mullerian).
- 5. Continental Drift theory and Discontinuous distribution of animals.
- 6. Zoogeographical realms (geographical composition, climate and faunal characteristics) i) Ethiopian, ii) Oriental and iii) Australian.
- 7. Basics of animal behaviour; Innate and Learned behaviours (characteristics, differences, classification & examples).
- 8. Communication in animals with reference to pheromone and its role in territory marking, courtship and mating.

Unit-II: Animal Physiology

(15 lectures)

- 1. Physiology of digestion in mammals.
- 2. Transport of O₂ and CO₂ in the blood of mammals, Bohr Effect, Chloride Shift.
- 3. Respiration in i) Lata, ii) Shark, iii) Pigeon and iv) Human
- 4. Excretion: i) Nitrogen excretion in vertebrates (fish, bird, mammal), ii) Hypertonic urine formation in mammals.
- 5. Osmoregulation in fresh water fish and marine fish.
- 6. Generation of action potential and transmission of nerve impulse; mechanism of synaptic transmission.

Unit-III: Biodiversity and Conservation

(15 lectures)

- 1. Concept of Biodiversity; Types: Hierarchical levels (Genetic diversity, Species diversity), Community and Ecosystem diversity (alpha, beta and gamma diversity).
- 2. Biodiversity as a resource; changes/depletion of biodiversity and its causes.
- 3. Hot spots of biodiversity, Strategies for conservation of biodiversity (ex-situ and in-situ methods).
- 4. IUCN threatened categories: Endangered, Critically endangered, Vulnerable and Rare species.
- 5. Wild-life conservation with reference to Tiger and Rhino.
- 6. Protected area, Wildlife protection act, Biosphere reserves, National park and Sanctuaries; CITES.

Unit-IV: Biostatistics

(15 lectures)

- 1. Concept of mean, mode and median; their relationship.
- 2. Elementary concepts of probability and distribution
 - (a) Standard deviation (b) Standard error (c) Variance (d) t-test
 - (e) Simple-correlation coefficient, (f) Chi-square test.
- 3. Representation of statistical data:
 - a) Bar diagram
 - b) Histogram
 - c) Frequency Polygon
 - d)Line graph
 - e) Pie chart

Internal assessment of 20 marks based on the above study material

Semester – V (Practical)

Zoology (Major)

Paper: 5B

Practical paper

100 (80 + 20)

- 1. Morphological, behavioural and other adaptive features Anabas sp., Exocoetus sp., Amphipnous sp. Hyla sp (Tree frog)., Axolotl of Ambystoma sp., Chamaeleo sp., Gekko sp., Naja sp., Columba sp., Psittacula sp. 4x5 = 20(Parrot), Pteropus sp., Bandicoota sp.(any five).
- 2. Studies on Zoogeography: placement of 5 specific/ endemic/ characteristic 5+3=8animals in their respective zoogeographical realm.
- 3. Principle, procedure, display, drawing and labelling (any two of the followings)

7x2 = 14

- a) Studies on human blood group.
- b) Studies on haemin crystals in human
- c) Preparation of human blood film; identification of WBC.
- 4. Problems on Chi-square test and t-test: Principle, calculation, result and 2+10+3=15inference (any one).
- 5. Observation on water/soil/terrestrial animal biodiversities (local fauna) and submission of field study report. 10
- 6. Laboratory note book.

7. Viva.

B.Sc. Zoology (General)

Semester V

Paper: 5A

50

Unit-I: Parasitology and Medical Entomology

(15 lectures)

- 1. Life cycle, pathogenicity, clinical features and control measures of -
 - (a) Plasmodium vivax
 - (b) Entamoeba histolytica
 - (c) Ascaris lumbricoides
- 2. Parasitic adaptations in helminthes with reference to Ascaris lumbricoides and Taenia solium
- Common insect vectors related to public health: their features and the disease (s) caused by these vectors
 - a) Mosquitoes (Anopheles, Culex, Aedes)
 - b) House fly (Musca sp.)
 - c) Bed bug (Cimex sp.)
 - d) Head louse (Pediculus sp.)

Unit-II: Microbiology and Immunology

(15 lectures)

- 1. Types of Microbes and their important features.
- 2. Disease causing Microbes with reference to Cholera and Tuberculosis, mode of transmission.
- 3. Microbes in human gut and their beneficial role; concept of Probiotics.
- 4. Immune system cells and organs of immune system, types of immune responses.
- 5. Antibodies types and its modal structure; antigen and antibody interaction.

Internal assessment of 10 marks based on the above study material

B.Sc. Zoology (General)

Practical paper

50 (40+10)

Practical paper Paper: 5B 5x2 = 10(any two) 1. Identification with reasons: a) Entamoeba histolytica b) Giardia intestinalis c) Plasmodium Sp. d) Ascaris lumbricoides e) Culex sp. f) Musca sp g) Cimex sp. 2. Adaptive features in Fasciola sp., Ascaris sp., Taenia sp. (any one). 5 3. Collection and preparation of gut fauna in cultivable fishes and fowl. 3+2+3=84. Submission of life history stages of mosquito in glass bottle & also on 4 + 3 = 7drawing sheet. 5 5. Lab Note Book. 5 6. Viva.

Internal assessment of 10 marks based on the above study material

Semester - IV (Major / Theory)

Paper 4A Theory

60(48 + 12)

Unit I:

Microbiology, Parasitology and Immunology

(15 lectures)

- 1) Types of Microbes and their important features.
- 2) Microbes in Human welfare and the concept of probiotics.
- 3) Common microbial diseases (Cholera and Amoebiasis) their treatment and control.
- 4) Life cycle, pathogenecity, clinical features and control measures of *Plasmodium vivax*, *Plasmodium falciparum*, *Wuchereria bancrofti*, *Ancylostoma duodenale*.
- 6) Host parasitic interaction with reference to helminthes (*Taenia* sp. and round worm) diseases.
- .7) Immune system major cell types and organs of immune system; types of immune response; antigen antibody reaction; antibody types and its model structure.

Unit II: Tools and techniques in Biology

(15 lectures)

- 1) Principle and application of i) pH meter ii) colorimeter and iii) Centrifuges
- 2) Principle and application of i) Chromatography and ii) Electrophoresis.
- 3) Principle and application of i) Light microscope (Bright-field and phase contrast) and ii) Electron microscope (TEM & SEM).
- 4) Micro-techniques: Fixation, dehydration, embedding, block-making, microtomy, principle of staining, acid and basic stains, single & double staining method.

N.B: Internal assessment of 12 marks based upon above syllabus.

Semester - IV (Major / Practical)

Paper	4B Practical (based on theory paper)	40 (32 + 8)
1)	Spot identification of parasites: Entamoeba sp, Ascaris sp, Ancylostom	a sp,
	Taenia sp. (any one)	3
2)	Adaptive features of: Fasciola hepatica, Ascaris lumbricoides, Taenia	
	solium, Anchylostoma duodenale, Hirudinaria (any one)	4
3)	Gram staining of bacteria	4
4)	Collection and preparation of gut parasites of cockroach and fowl	(2+3+2)7
5)	Double staining method (H-E) of liver, kidney and testis tissue	(4+1+2)7
6)	Lab note book	3
7)	Viva voce	4
	9	Total = 32

 $\mathbf{N.B:}$ Internal assessment of $\mathbf{8}$ \mathbf{marks} based upon above syllabus.

(7)

Semester - IV (General/Theory)

Paper 4A Theory

50(40 + 10)

Unit I: Applied Zoology II

(15 lectures)

- 1. Sericulture: Species of silk worm, food plants and silk varieties in India, Life history and rearing method of Bombyx mori, its diseases and control measures.
- 2. Apiculture: species of honey bees in India; life history and rearing methods of Apis indica; bee products and their uses.
- 3. Vermiculture: Major vermicomposting species in India: Principle, method and
- 4. Prawn culture: Indian prawns of commercial value; Penaeid and non-penaeid group. Prawn culture and demerits in transportation of prawn seeds.

Unit II: Genetics and Molecular Biology

(15 lectures)

- 1. Mendelian principle of segregation and independent assortment.
- 2. Linkage, Recombination, Cytoplasmic inheritance.
- 3. Concepts of alleles and multiple alleles.
- 4. Sex determination in Drosophila and man; Sex chromatin or Barr body and its
- 5. Congenital chromosomal abnormalities: Down, Turner and Klinefelter syndrome.
- 6. Mode of inheritance of autosomal and sex-linked genes with reference to albinism and
- 7. DNA as a genetic material experimental proof.
- 8. Replication, Transcription and Translation in prokaryotes.

N.B: Internal assessment of 10 marks based upon above syllabus.

Semester - IV (General / Practical)

50	(40 + 10)		
Paper 4B (Practical based on theory paper)			
A. Applied Zoology	3x4=12		
1. Spotting and economic importance of the following specimens (Any three)			
a. Tryporyza sp b. Sitophilus sp			
b. Sitophitus sp c. Bandicoota sp			
d. Bombyx sp			
e. Apis sp			
f. Perionyx sp			
g. Macrobrachium sp			
B. Genetics	(A±A) = 8		
2. Preparation and staining of cell division (onion root tip).3. Identification of Meiotic division stages (any one)4. Studies of Barr body in man (preparation and display)	(4+4) = 8 4 $(4+2) = 6$		
4. Studies of Barr body in man g-17	5		
C. Viva Voce	5		
D. Lab Note Book			
	Total = 40		

N.B: Internal assessment of 10 marks based upon above syllabus.