MODEL QUESTIONS

FOR

MA THIRD (3RD) SEMESTER
(2014-2015)

POLITICAL SCIENCE

TRIPURA UNIVERSITY
(A CENTRAL UNIVERSITY)
DIRECTORATE OF DISTANCE EDUCATION
SURYAMANINAGAR: 799022
NEW STRUCTURE AND PATTERN OF QUESTIONS

The structure and pattern of Questions has been changed for each theory paper of all PG Programmes under the Directorate of Distance Education, Tripura University from December 2012.

The structure of each theory paper shall be as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Question</th>
<th>Number</th>
<th>Mark</th>
<th>Total Mark</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MCQs</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Short Questions</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Broad Questions</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>48</strong></td>
<td><strong>1</strong></td>
<td><strong>80</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(Excluding 20 Marks for Assignments)

A. **Booklet** There shall be 40 (forty) Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs) each carrying 1 (one) mark.

B. i. There shall be 8 (eight) short note type brief questions (two from each Unit) out of which candidates are required to answer 4 (four) short questions selecting one from each Unit. Each question shall carry 2 (two) marks.

ii. And there shall be 8 (eight) broad questions (two from each Unit) out of which a candidate is required to answer 4 (four) questions selecting one from each Unit. Each question shall carry 8 (eight) marks.

Candidates will be required to write answers (four short type brief questions and four broad questions) within the Answer Script itself [strictly within the space allotted and word limit (not exceeding the maximum limit of 300 words for broad essay type questions)]. Candidates shall not be allowed to use any separate Loose Sheet.

**Time:**

A. For Booklet (containing MCQs) time shall be 60 Minutes i.e. 01 (One) Hour.

B. For Short type Brief questions and Broad Questions time shall be 120 Minutes i.e. 02 (Two) Hours.

**Total Time:** 180 Minutes i.e. 03 (Three) Hours.

Candidates will be provided a Booklet containing the MCQs which they are required to answer within a maximum time of 01 (one) hour. After 01 (one) hour, Candidates shall submit all OMR sheets and Question Booklet. The Question Paper (containing short type brief questions and broad essay type questions) and Blank Answer Scripts will then be supplied to the students, and they will be required to complete their answers in this part within 2 (two) hours.

The pattern of Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs) shall be as follows:

a) Usual Multiple Choice;

b) Matching;

c) Assertion and Reasoning;

d) True and False.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION STUDENTS MAY CONTACT THE ACADEMIC SECTION OF DIRECTORATE OF DISTANCE EDUCATION, TRIPURA UNIVERSITY.
TRIPURA UNIVERSITY
(A CENTRAL UNIVERSITY)
DIRECTORATE OF DISTANCE EDUCATION
SURYAMANINAGAR: 799022
MODEL QUESTION
SUBJECT : POLITICAL SCIENCE- PLS-301 (9TH PAPER)

1. 'The nerves of Government : Models of Political Communication and Control' is a pioneering work in the field of political analysis.
   It is associated with :
   (A) Structural Functionalism
   (B) Decision Making Approach
   (C) Communications Theory
   (D) System Analysis.

2. System analysis was applied in the field of Sociology by :
   (A) Talcott Parsons
   (B) Lasswell
   (C) Leonard Binder
   (D) Myron Weiner

3. Match List-I with List-II and select the correct answer from the codes given below :

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>List-I</th>
<th>List-II</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(a) French Kent</td>
<td>(1) A Preface to Democratic Theory</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) Herbert Tingston</td>
<td>(2) Political Behaviour : Studies in in Election Statistics.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(c) David Apter</td>
<td>(3) Political Behaviour</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(d) Robert Dahl</td>
<td>(4) Introduction to Political Analysis.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

   Codes:
   (A) 2 3 4 1
   (B) 3 2 4 1
   (C) 3 2 1 4
   (D) 1 3 2 4

4. Which of the following is not correctly matched ?
   (A) David Hume – Treatise of Human Nature
   (B) Max Weber – Political Science : A Philosophical Analysis.
   (C) Alan Ball – Modern Politics and Government.
   (D) G.H. Sabine – A History of Political Theory.

5. Match List-I with List-II and select the correct answer from the codes given below :

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>List-I</th>
<th>List-II</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(a) Leo Strauss</td>
<td>(1) The Decline of Political Theory</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) Martin Lipset</td>
<td>(2) What is Political Philosophy ?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(c) Alfred Cobban</td>
<td>(3) Political System : An Inquiry into the State of Political Science</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(d) David Easton</td>
<td>(4) Political Man : The Social Bases of Politics</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Codes:
(A) 2 3 4 1
(B) 3 2 4 1
(C) 3 2 1 4
(D) 1 3 2 4
Codes:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>a</th>
<th>b</th>
<th>c</th>
<th>d</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(A)</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(B)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(C)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(D)</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

6. The following question consists of two statements, one labelled as Assertion (A) and the other labelled as Reason (R). Examine the two statements carefully and select the correct answer using the codes given below:

Assertion (A): Liberal perspective on justice treats liberty as the central problem of justice.
Reason (R): The idea of substantive liberty will auger well for the realization of justice.

Codes:
(a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.
(b) Both A & R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.
(c) A is true but R is false.
(d) A is false but R is true.

7. The following question consists of two statements, one labelled as Assertion (A) and the other labelled as Reason (R). Examine the two statements carefully and select the correct answer using the codes given below:

Assertion (A): Rawl's has discovered a method for making procedural justice an instrument of meeting the requirements of social justice.
Reason (R): Libertarian perspective on justice focuses on formal liberty and insists on minimal role of the state in economic activities of individuals.

Codes:
(a) Both A & R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.
(b) Both A & R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.
(c) A is true but R is false.
(d) A is false but R is true.

8. Which one of the following is not true about behaviouralism?

(A) Political behaviour, as an area of study within political science, is concerned with those aspects of human behaviour that take place within political contexts.
(B) Behaviouralism implies that there are discoverable uniformities in political behaviour which can be expressed in theory.
(C) It insists that objective scientific inquiry has to be value-based.
(D) It stands for establishing close relationship between theory and practice.

9. Which of the following is true about post-behaviouralism?

(A) It insists that objective scientific inquiry has to be value neutral.
(B) It symbolizes a healthy combination of empirical and normative approaches.
(C) It focuses on strict methodological issues.
(D) It searches for pure knowledge and theory.

10. Who among the following wrote the book 'Marxism and Politics'?

(A) R. Miliband  (B) Karl Marx  (C) Jean Hampton  (D) Frederic Engels.
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MODEL QUESTION
SUBJECT : POLITICAL SCIENCE- PLS-302 (10TH PAPER)

1. Who among the following is an acclaimed analyst on political parties?
   (A) Walter Lippman  (B) Maurice Duverger  
   (C) H.J. Laski       (D) James Bryce

2. Which of the following country represents bi-party system?
   (A) France          (B) India          
   (C) UK              (D) Switzerland

3. Rule making refers to:
   (A) the process by which authoritative decisions are applied and enforced.
   (B) the formulation of authoritative rules.
   (C) the function of resolving disputes over the meaning or interpretation of rules.
   (D) the medium through which functions in the political system are performed.

4. Match List-I with List-II and select the correct code.

List-I                  List-II
(a) Civic Culture      (1) Karl Marx
(b) Dominant Culture   (2) Almand & Verba
(c) Political Development (3) David Lerner
(d) Modernisation      (4) Hobhhouse

Codes:

   a    b    c    d
(A)  2    1    4    3
(B)  3    2    1    4
(C)  1    2    3    4
(D)  2    1    3    4

5. Which of the following statement is true about 'Civic Culture'?
   (A) People see themselves as subjects of a government.
   (B) Individual has a dim awareness of the existence of central government.
   (C) People see themselves as able to make demands and help to shape policies.
   (D) All of the above.

6. Given below are two statements, one labelled as Assertion (A) and the other labelled as reason (R):
   Assertion (A) : Where no party can command a majority on its own in the legislature after elections, party leaders tend to form coalitions to sustain a government.
   Reason (R) : The system of proportional representation frequently sustains multiple parties.

In the context of the above two statements which of the following is correct?
   (A) Both A & R is correct and R is the correct explanation of A.
   (B) Both A & R is correct but R is not the correct explanation of A.
   (C) A is true but R is false.
   (D) A is false but R is true.
7. Which of the following is an example of mediated communication?
(A) A newscaster delivers the weather report on the six O'clock news.
(B) Two friends gossip with one another.
(C) Students work on a class project together.
(D) A politician addresses a nominating convention.

8. Which of the following pairs is correctly matched?
(A) Lucian Pye – Political Culture & Political Development.
(B) Huntington – Political Modernisation and Political Culture in Japan.
(C) Robert E. Ward – Political Development & Political Decay.
(D) David E. Apter – Modernisation - The Dynamics of Growth.

9. Who among the following originated the idea of applying the communication model to political life?
(A) Karl Deutsch
(B) Karl Marx
(C) Lucian Pye
(D) Almond

10. Assertion (A): According to Aristotle, Political Science is considered as master science.
    Reason (R): It imparted knowledge to the rulers and provided principles for regulating public life.
    (A) Both A & R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.
    (B) Both A & R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.
    (C) A is true, but R is false.
    (D) A is false, but R is true.
1. Assertion (A) : Merton uses the system theory for political analysis.
Reason (R) : He is primarily a sociologist.
In the context of the above two statements, which of the following is correct?
(a) Both A & R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.
(b) Both A & R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.
(c) A is true but R is false.
(d) A is false but R is true.

2. In which of their works did Karl Marx and Engels first expound the principles of materialistic dialectics?
(a) Economic & Philosophic Manuscripts
(b) Communist Manifesto
(c) On the Jewish Question
(d) German Ideology.

3. Which of the following pairs is not correctly matched?
(a) Karl Marx – The Poverty of Philosophy
(b) V.I. Lenin – State and Revolution
(c) J. Stalin – Wage, Labour and Capital
(d) F. Engels – Origins of Family, Private Property and the State.

4. C. Wright Mills wrote a book called ______, which maintained that American politics was dominated by a unified group of leaders from corporations, the military and politics.
(a) The Washington Game (b) The Power Elite
(c) Democracy in America (d) The Back of the Bus.

5. The book the Bureaucratic phenomena deals with —
(a) Functions of bureaucracy (b) Rise of bureaucracy
(c) Demise of bureaucracy (d) Dysfunctions of bureaucracy.

6. Bureaucracy, according to Weber, can be termed as legal because
(1) It is the most efficient form of government.
(2) The staff members are selected on the basis of professional qualifications.
(3) Authority is exercised by means of a system of rules and procedures.
(4) The means are expressly designed to achieve certain specific ends.
Select the correct codes:
(a) 1, 2, & 3 (b) 2 & 3
(c) 3 & 4 (d) only 3
Reason (R): Class struggle in history takes place as a result of contradictions between the proletariat and the peasantry.  
(a) Both A & R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.  
(b) Both A & R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.  
(c) A is true but R is false.  
(d) A is false but R is true.  

8. Which one of the following is not correctly matched?  
(a) Pareto – Circulation of elites  
(b) Mosca – governing and Non-governing Elite.  
(c) Michels – Iron Law of Oligarchy  
(d) Max Weber – Bureaucracy.  

9. Which one of the following is not a form of social stratification?  
(a) Slavery  
(b) Class  
(c) Caste  
(d) Birth  

10. Which of the following is not true about social stratification?  
(a) Social stratification means structured inequalities between different groups of people.  
(b) Slavery is not a form of social stratification.  
(c) Class system is the principal form of stratification found in industrial societies.  
(d) The caste system associated with India is usually held to be the most rigid system of stratification.
1. Sustainable development is:
   (a) above environment
   (b) against environment
   (c) in tune with environment
   (d) at the cost of environment

2. Which one of the following is not true about sustainable development?
   (a) It is concerned with environmentalism
   (b) It is above the environment
   (c) It is a union of present with future
   (d) Future in the sense that it gives room for accommodation.

3. Which of the following statements are true of the Ethno-development?
   (i) It places culture at the centre of rural development planning.
   (ii) It demonstrates how indigenous or traditional culture and knowledge can be engaged in sustainable development.
   (iii) It is a policy established in response to ethnic conflicts.
   (iv) It advocates for self-led development.
   Codes:
   (a) i, ii, and iii
   (b) i and iii
   (c) i, ii, iii, and iv
   (d) ii and iv

4. Which one of the following is not related to Tribal sub-plan?
   (a) IMF
   (b) MFP
   (c) SAP
   (d) TRIFED

5. Which one of the following is not correctly matched?
   (a) Protection of Civil Rights Act, 1955.
   (b) SC's, ST's (Prevention of Atrocities) Act, 1989.
   (c) National Forest Policy and Forest Conservation Act, 1990.
   (d) Forest Rights Act, 2006.

6. Social sustainability refers to what?
   (a) Sharing benefits fairly and equitably and respecting the quality of life of communities and of human rights.
   (b) The concept of the enterprise supporting jobs and delivering income to communities in the long term.
   (c) Stewardship of resources and managing and conserving the environment.
   (d) The concept of the enterprise supporting jobs and delivering income to communities in the short term.
7. The UN MDGs include, what?
   (a) Targets for Poverty Reduction
   (b) Empowering women
   (c) Reducing Child Mortality
   (d) All of the above.

8. Which of the following towns of Canada is associated with a 'green plan' for the community?
   (a) St. John.  (b) Ottawa
   (c) Boutouche  (d) Labrador

9. DDT is a –
   (a) Green house gas  (b) Non-degradable pollutant
   (c) Degradable pollutant  (d) None of these.

10. Assertion (A): Sustainable development is essentially concerned with environmentalism.
    Reason (R): It is not above or against the environment, but it is in tune with it.
    Choose the correct answer from the codes given below:
    (a) Both A & R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.
    (b) Both A & R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.
    (c) A is true but R is false.
    (d) A is false but R is true.